

# Practice Problems for Exam 2 (Combined)

MATH 3215, Spring 2024

## Chapter 3

1. The PDF of  $Y$  is given by  $f_Y(y) = \frac{c}{y^3}$  for  $1 < y < \infty$  and otherwise 0.
  - (a) Find the value of  $c$  so that  $f_Y$  is a PDF.
  - (b) Compute  $\mathbb{E}[Y]$ .

2. Let  $X$  be a continuous random variable with the PDF

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} x + 1, & -1 < x < 0, \\ 1 - x, & 0 \leq x < 1. \end{cases}$$

Find the CDF of  $X$ . Draw the graph of the CDF.

3. Let  $X$  be the total amount of medical claims (in \$ 100,000) of the employees of a company. Assume that the PDF  $f(x) = 30x(1-x)^4$  for  $0 < x < 1$ .

(a) Find  $\mathbb{E}[X]$  and  $\text{Var}(X)$ .

(b) Find the probability that the total exceeds \$20,000.

4. The lifetime in hours of an electronic tube is a random variable having a probability density function given by

$$f(x) = xe^{-x}$$

for  $0 \leq x < \infty$ . Find the expected lifetime of such a tube.

5. Let  $X$  be the number of alpha particle emissions of carbon-14 that are counted by a Geiger counter each second. Assume that the distribution of  $X$  is Poisson with mean 5. Let  $W$  be the time in seconds before the third count is made.

(a) What is the distribution of  $W$ ?

(b) Find  $\mathbb{P}(W \leq 1)$ .

6. A loss (in \$ 100,000) due to fire in a building has a PDF  $f(x) = \frac{1}{6}e^{-x/6}$ ,  $0 < x < \infty$ . Find the conditional probability that the loss is greater than 8 given that it is greater than 5.

7. Let  $X \sim N(650, 400)$ .

(a) Find  $\mathbb{P}(600 \leq X < 660)$ .

(b) Find a constant  $c > 0$  such that  $\mathbb{P}(|X - 650| \leq c) = 0.95$ .

8. Let  $X \sim N(0, 4)$  and  $W = X^2$ . Find the PDF of  $W$ .

9. Let  $X$  be a random variable with the CDF

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0, \\ \frac{x^2}{4}, & 0 \leq x < 1, \\ \frac{x+1}{4}, & 1 \leq x < 2, \\ 1, & x \geq 2. \end{cases}$$

Find  $\mathbb{E}[X]$ ,  $\text{Var}(X)$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(\frac{1}{4} < X < 1)$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(X = 1)$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(X = \frac{1}{2})$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(\frac{1}{2} \leq X < 2)$ .

10. A loss  $X$  on a car has an exponential distribution with a mean of \$5000. If the loss  $X$  on a car is greater than the deductible of \$500, the difference  $X - 500$  is paid to the owner of the car. Considering zero (if  $X < 500$ ) as a possible payment, find the expectation of the payment.

## Chapter 4

1. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be discrete random variables with joint PMF

$$f(x, y) = \frac{x + y}{21}, \quad x = 1, 2, \quad y = 1, 2, 3.$$

- (a) Find the marginal PMFs of  $X$  and  $Y$ .  
(b) Find  $\mathbb{P}(X + Y \leq 3)$ .

2. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be discrete random variables with joint PMF

$$f(0, 0) = f(1, 2) = 0.2, \quad f(0, 1) = f(1, 1) = 0.3.$$

- (a) Find  $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$ .  
(b) Find the least square regression line.

3. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two discrete random variables with joint PMF

$$p_{X,Y}(1,1) = p_{X,Y}(1,2) = \frac{1}{3}, \quad p_{X,Y}(2,1) = p_{X,Y}(2,2) = \frac{1}{6}.$$

Find  $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$  and  $\rho$ . Are they independent?

4. Let  $X$  be an exponential random variable with parameter 1, i.e., its PDF is given by  $f_X(x) = e^{-x}$ ,  $x > 0$ . Find the PDF of  $Y = X^4$ . Are  $X$  and  $Y^{\frac{1}{2}}$  negatively correlated?

5. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be discrete random variables with joint PMF  $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{9}$  for  $(x, y) \in S$  where

$$S = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 2, x \leq y \leq x + 2, x, y \text{ are integers}\}.$$

Find  $f_X(x)$ ,  $f_{Y|X}(y|1)$ ,  $\mathbb{E}[Y|X = 1]$ , and  $f_Y(y)$ .

6. Suppose that  $X$  has a geometric distribution with parameter  $p$ . and suppose the conditional distribution of  $Y$ , given  $X = x$ , is Poisson with mean  $x$ . Find  $\mathbb{E}[Y]$  and  $\text{Var}(Y)$ .



7. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two discrete random variables with joint PMF  $p_{X,Y}(x,y) = \frac{x+y}{27}$ , where  $x = 2, 3$  and  $y = 1, 2, 3$ . Find the marginal PMFs of  $X$ . Find the conditional expectation of  $X$  given  $Y = 2$ .

8. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  have the joint PDF

$$f(x,y) = \frac{4}{3}, \quad 0 < x < 1, \quad x^3 < y < 1$$

and 0 otherwise. Find  $\mathbb{P}(X > Y)$ .

9. Let  $X$  be a uniform random variable over  $(0, 2)$  and  $Y$  given  $X = x$  be  $U(0, x^2)$ .

(a) Find the joint PDF  $f(x, y)$  and marginal  $f_Y(y)$ .

(b) Find  $\mathbb{E}[Y|X]$  and  $\mathbb{E}[X|Y]$ .

10. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two random variables with joint PDF  $f_{X,Y}(x, y) = 2e^{-x-y}$  for  $0 \leq x \leq y < \infty$ . Find the marginal PDFs of  $X$  and  $Y$ . Are they independent?

11. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two random variables with joint PDF  $f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \frac{1}{2}$  for  $0 < x + y < 2, x > 0, y > 0$ . Find the conditional expectation  $\mathbb{E}[X|Y]$ .

12. Let  $(X, Y)$  be a bivariate normal random vector. Both  $X$  and  $Y$  have mean 1 and variance 4, while the correlation coefficient of  $X$  and  $Y$  is  $\rho = \frac{1}{4}$ . Find  $\text{Var}(-2X + Y)$ . Assume now that  $(X, Y)$  is a bivariate normal vector, with  $X$  and  $Y$  having mean 9 and variance 9, but that the correlation coefficient has changed and is now given by  $\rho = 0$ . Find  $\mathbb{P}(3 \leq X \leq 15, Y \leq 9)$  and using the tables, find an approximate value for it.

13. The life of a certain type of automobile tire is normally distributed with mean 34,000 miles and standard deviation 4000 miles.
- (a) What is the probability that such a tire lasts more than 40,000 miles?
  - (b) What is the probability that it lasts between 30,000 and 35,000 miles?
  - (c) Given that it has survived 30,000 miles, what is the conditional probability that the tire survives another 10,000 miles?

14. A certain type of electrical motors is defective with probability  $1/100$ . Pick 1000 motors and let  $X$  be the number of defective ones among these 1000 motors. Using a normal approximation, (with/without) mid-point correction, write down an expression for the probability that among the 1000 motors 13 or less are defective.

## Chapter 5

1. Let  $X$  be a uniform random variable on  $(-1, 3)$  and  $Y = X^2$ . Find the PDF of  $Y$ .

2. Let  $X$  be a random variable with PDF given by

$$f_X(x) = x^2 + \frac{10x^4}{3}$$

for  $0 < x < 1$ , and otherwise  $f_X(x) = 0$ . Find the CDF and the PDF of  $Y = \log X$ .

3. Let  $X$  be a random variable with density

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi(1+x^2)}, \quad -\infty < x < \infty.$$

Find the density of  $1/X$ .