

Quiz 4 Solution

MATH 461 §22

Normal Probability

Let $X \sim N(-3, 8)$. Find $\mathbb{P}(-8.2 < X \leq 1.64)$.

You can use the following [Normal Table](#).

Answer =



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New variant

$$\mu = -3, \quad \sigma^2 = 8 \quad \Rightarrow \quad X = \sqrt{8} \cdot Z - 3, \quad Z \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$\mathbb{P}(-8.2 < X \leq 1.64) = \mathbb{P}(-8.2 < \sqrt{8}Z - 3 \leq 1.64)$$

$$= \mathbb{P}\left(-\frac{5.2}{\sqrt{2}} < Z \leq \frac{4.64}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

$$= \Phi\left(\frac{2.32}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \Phi\left(-\frac{2.6}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

$$\approx \Phi(1.640) + \Phi(1.838) - 1$$

$$\approx 0.9495 + 0.967 - 1 = \boxed{0.9165}$$

Exponential Distribution

Suppose that X is exponentially distributed with parameter 4. Consider the random variable $Y = e^{-2X}$.

a) (5 pt) Find $\mathbb{P}(Y \leq 0.98)$.

Answer =



b) (5 pt) Let $f_Y(x)$ be the PDF of Y . Find $f_Y(0.98)$.

Answer =



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New variant

For $0 \leq t \leq 1$,

$$F_Y(t) = \mathbb{P}(Y \leq t) = \mathbb{P}(e^{-2X} \leq t) = \mathbb{P}(-2X \leq \log t)$$

$$= \mathbb{P}(X \geq -\frac{1}{2} \log t) = e^{-4 \cdot (-\frac{1}{2} \log t)} = t^2.$$

Since $0 \leq e^{-2X} \leq 1$, $F_Y(t) = 0$ if $t > 1$ or $t < 0$.

$$f_Y(t) = \frac{d}{dt} F_Y(t) = \begin{cases} 2t & , 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 0 & , \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore P(Y \leq 0.98) = F_Y(0.98) = (0.98)^2 = 0.9604$$

$$f_Y(0.98) = 2 \cdot (0.98) = 1.96$$

Joint PMF

Consider discrete random variables X and Y having joint pmf given by

$p(x, y)$	$y = 3$	$y = 5$	$y = 7$	$y = 9$
$x = 2$	0.11	0.21	0.06	0.22
$x = 4$	0.27	0.01	0.1	0.02

What is $P(2X > Y)$?

Answer = ?

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$$\begin{aligned} P(2X > Y) &= P(X=2, Y=3) + P(X=4, Y=3) \\ &\quad + P(X=4, Y=5) + P(X=4, Y=7) \\ &= 0.11 + 0.27 + 0.01 + 0.1 = 0.49 \end{aligned}$$