

MATH 403 FALL 2021: QUIZ 2

DATE: SEP 8, 2021

(a) (3 points) Write down the definition of a parallelogram.

**Solution.** Four points  $A, B, C, D$  define a parallelogram  $ABCD$  if  $A + C = B + D$ .

(b) (2 points) Let  $A = (1, 2)$ ,  $B = (3, -2)$ ,  $C = (5, 6)$ . Is there a point  $D \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $A, B, C, D$  forms a parallelogram? If so, find the point  $D$ .

**Solution.** By the defining equation  $A + C = B + D$ , we have

$$D = A + C - B = (1 + 5 - 3, 2 + 6 - (-2)) = (3, 10).$$

(c) (3 points) Write down the definition of the centroid of a triangle  $\triangle ABC$ .

**Solution.** The *centroid* of a triangle is a unique point in the intersection of three medians. The centroid can be written as

$$G = \frac{1}{3}(A + B + C).$$

(d) (2 points) Let  $A = (1, 2)$ ,  $B = (3, -2)$ ,  $C = (5, 6)$ . Find the centroid of  $\triangle ABC$ .

**Solution.**

$$G = \frac{1}{3}(A + B + C) = \left(\frac{1}{3}(1 + 3 + 5), \frac{1}{3}(2 + (-2) + 6)\right) = (3, 2).$$